



PITWM VERSE BY VERSE

JUDGES 3:15-25, 29-30

LESSON: EHUD FREES ISRAEL—September 24, 2023

INTRODUCTION:

In **Judges 2:20-23**, God allowed other nations to remain in the land to chasten or discipline His people. When Joshua died, God would no longer drive these nations out because, He needed to test Israel.

SYNOPSIS:

At the beginning of **Chapter 3:1-4** of Judges, we learn that because of the Israelites' disobedience, there were enemies that remained among them. God used them to test the youth of Israel, so they could exercise faith and obedience. There was a new generation that had not experienced the wars of Canaan. The nations that God permitted to stay had a two-fold purpose:

- **First**, to chasten the Jews,
- **Second**, that through these nations, Israel might learn how to fight.

By now the younger generation which had not fought in the great battles of conquest was coming of age. It was their job to finish the conquest of the land. There were many obstacles that were yet to be overcome. Perhaps God has left obstacles in your life—hostile people, difficult situations, and baffling problems—for the very purpose of allowing you to develop faith and obedience. We are looking at the **five lords of the Philistines, and all the Canaanites, and the Sidonians, and the Hivites that dwelt in Mount Lebanon, from Mount Baalhermon unto the entering in of Hamath.**

- The five lords of the Philistines refer to the leaders of the five-city pentapolis of Ashkelon, Ashdod, Ekron, Gath, and Gaza which formed the centralized Philistine government.
- The reference to all the Canaanites refers to the various tribes which were especially strong in the Valley of Esdraelon.
- Sidonians refers to the inhabitants of the Phoenician city-state of Sidon, to the north on the Mediterranean coast.
- The Hivites that dwelt in Mount Lebanon refers to the Horites, or Hurrians who established the kingdom of Mitanni in upper Mesopotamia in about 1500 B.C.
- Mount Baal-hermon was later known simply as Mount Hermon and is in the more easterly range parallel to Lebanon, running from Damascus.
- Hamath was on the Orontes River, about 150 miles north of Dan.

Following Christ leads to possessing the promise. And to possess the promise you will have to get rid of the enemies; you will have to fight!

3:5-8 The Israelites discovered that relationships affect faith. The men and women of the surrounding nations (Canaanites, Hittites, Amorites, Perizzites, Hivites, and Jebusites) were attractive to the Israelites. Soon they intermarried and the Israelites accepted their pagan gods. This was prohibited by God. Their cycle always began with the children of Israel doing evil in the sight of the Lord by serving Baal and Asheroth idols. ¹God sold them into the hand of Cushan-Rishathaim king of Mesopotamia. Now, this was the first nation that would take charge over Israel. God gave Israel just what they wanted. They did not want to serve God, so He allowed them to be in bondage to a pagan king. Israel reaped exactly what they sowed for 8 years. After the eight years of bondage Israel finally cried out for dependence upon God.

3:9-11 When they cried out to the Lord, He raised up for them a deliverer. Othniel (Caleb's younger brother) (1:13); Israel's first judge was to lead the nation back to God. The name "Othniel" means the "power of

¹ http://www.blueletterbible.org/commentaries/comm_view.cfm?AuthorID=2&contentID=7531&commInfo=31&topic=Judges
<http://www.pitwm.net/pitwm-versebyverse.html>





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God." The Spirit of the Lord took control of Othniel and the Lord delivered Chushan-Rishathaim king of Mesopotamia into his hand. The land had rest for forty years, but then Othniel died.

3:12 And the children of Israel did evil again in the sight of the Lord: and the Lord strengthened Eglon the king of Moab against Israel, because they had done evil in the sight of the Lord. Since Israel again did evil in the sight of the Lord, He raised up an enemy of Israel, and allowed Israel to be conquered by Eglon, king of the Moabites, because of this evil was done in His presence.

3:13 And he gathered unto him the children of Ammon and Amalek, and went and smote Israel, and possessed the city of palm trees. As the Lord strengthened Eglon king of Moab, there were allied armies with him (the Ammonites and the Amalekites). These three tribes (Moabites, Ammonites, and the Amalekites) were nomadic tribes that lived near each other. This was the first time nations outside of Canaan attacked the Israelites in their own land. As they gathered forces together, they defeated Israel and took possession of Jericho which is called "*The City Of Palm Trees*" because of the many springs surrounding the city providing irrigation to the land and producing lush vegetation.

3:14 So the children of Israel served Eglon the king of Moab eighteen years. For the next 18 years the Israelites were required to pay crushing taxes to King Eglon of Moab, because they had done evil in the sight of the Lord. It went from eight years to eighteen years. Their bondage became much longer. Do you think God has gotten their attention yet?

LESSON: I. GOD'S PROVISION JUDGES 3:15-19

3:15 But when the children of Israel cried unto the Lord, the Lord raised them up a deliverer, Ehud, the son of Gera, a Benjamite, a man lefthanded:— This is the second time in this chapter that the children of Israel has cried unto the Lord (also in verse 9). ²When Israel had forgotten their need of God, the Lord does two things:

- First, He allows them to be defeated by that which their own hearts were being drawn to – prideful independence.
- Second, God raises up another Deliverer who will remind them again of His power and their constant need to look and rely upon God for His power in their lives. Yes, they cried out again to God, to counteract the eighteen year oppression under king Eglon.

God raised up Ehud, the second judge, a left-handed Benjamite. The name "*Benjamin*" means the "*son of my right hand*." ³Ehud being left-handed reminds us of Christ's willingness to take the place of weak-ness and servitude, doing all in the power of the Holy Spirit, and in complete submission to the Father. God uses a left-handed judge that probably grew up thinking his left-hand was a curse, but it's turned into an advantage. His being described as "*the son of Gera*" continues to direct our attention to attributes of Christ, for "*Gera*" means the "*cud*"; "*a grain*"; "*sojourning*." The cud always speaks of rumination (reflections; ponderings) or meditation on the Word, particularly of strength derived from such meditation. The Lord's whole life was not only *governed by God's Word, it was the fulfillment of that Word.*

"*Ehud's*" name means "*I will give praise*", or "*I will give thanks*." When you fail to praise God, God has to send praise back to His people (Ehud's). They had not been thankful nor giving God praise because they failed to remember that there is power in praise and there is power in thankfulness.

3:15b ...and by him the children of Israel sent a present unto Eglon the king of Moab. According to Eastern custom, the children of Israel sent a present or tribute money to Eglon, king of Moab by Ehud. This means they paid their yearly tribute to the king of Moab because they were under his domination. And it was presented with

² <http://www.jesusplusnothing.com/studies/online/judges5.htm>

³ http://www.greenmeadowsstillwaters.com/types_ehud_the_benjamite.htm

<http://www.pitwm.net/pitwm-versebyverse.html>





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great ceremony so as to impress both the oppressed and the oppressor regarding their respective positions, and relationship to each other. In this move, it was a clever way for Ehud to gain entrance to see the Moabite king.

3:16 But Ehud made him a dagger which had two edges, of a cubit length: and he did gird it under his garment upon his right thigh. Bound to Ehud's right thigh under his garment is a dagger he made. This dagger had two edges and was of a cubit length. It refers to a short cubit, i.e., the distance between the elbow and knuckles of a closed fist, therefore, it was about twelve to fourteen inches long. Its purpose was to assassinate the Moabite king! In that day and time, the right-handed warriors would bind their short swords on their left thighs, to draw them across their body for battle. The bodyguards of the day had gotten used to only patting down the left sides of visitors. God was using him as being "left-handed" as an advantage.

3:17 And he brought the present unto Eglon king of Moab: and Eglon was a very fat man. Ehud carried the present; the tribute money in his right hand. The people let him go into where the king was. They did not think that he was dangerous. Eglon was described as a very fat man, indicating the need for the length of the dagger (about 12-14 inches long).

3:18 And when he made an end to offer the present, he sent away the people that bare the present. It is serious business to be used by God to bring deliverance and blessings. Those who are most used of God have paid a price to do so. After the official presentation of the tribute, Ehud dismissed the entourage that bare the present so they would not be blamed for what he was about to do. This gave chance for the unexpected.

3:19 But he himself turned again from the quarries that were by Gilgal, and said, I have a secret errand unto thee, O king: who said, Keep silence. And all that stood by him went out from him. Ehud and Eglon had gone as far as the quarries (graven images, or idols) and Ehud turned again from the quarries near Gilgal giving indication that when he had passed them, being safe from the Moabites (guards), suggesting that marked the limits of the Moabite territory for his safety. Ehud was outside the city at the quarries and he sent his companions on, but he turns to the king to seek and request a private personal audience with the king himself, saying "I have a secret errand... O king." Nobody expected anything different. Eglon probably thought Ehud had brought a special bribe to him in addition to the tribute. The king responded with the statement "keep silence" meaning "hush." It was if he had said a secret code and he didn't want anyone else to hear because at that moment all the king's attendants withdrew.

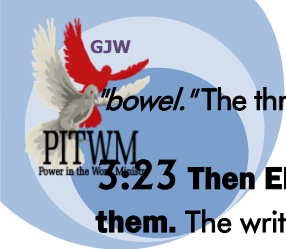
II. EHUD'S ACTIONS JUDGES 3:20-25

3:20 And Ehud came unto him; and he was sitting in a summer parlour which he had for himself alone. And Ehud said, I have a message from God unto thee. And he rose out of his seat. The Moabites had evidently built a summer place for their king between old Jericho and Gilgal. The king went into his summer room. This was on the roof of the house. It was cool there and he was alone. This is where Ehud comes to Eglon the king and tells him that he had a message from God; only for him. This message was actually his dagger, which he was carrying on his right thigh. Eglon got up out of his seat and stood up to hear God's message.

3:21 And Ehud put forth his left hand, and took the dagger from his right thigh, and thrust it into his belly:— Ehud reached with his left hand, took the double-edged dagger from his right thigh, and plunged it deep into the belly of king Eglon. Ehud killed him when he stood up.

3:22 And the haft also went in after the blade; and the fat closed upon the blade, so that he could not draw the dagger out of his belly; and the dirt came out. The blow to the abdomen was so quick and powerful that the blade and "haft" (handle) went in entirely into the abdomen, so that the fat closed upon the blade. There was no way to pull the dagger out. The "dirt", spoken of here, was the "excrement" that came out of his stomach, or





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"*bowel*." The thrusting of the blade was enough to kill Eglon immediately before he could warn any of his servants.

3:23 Then Ehud went forth through the porch, and shut the doors of the parlour upon him, and locked them. The writer gives us his escape route after killing him! Ehud escaped through the porch, shutting the door, and locking it.

3:24 When he was gone out, his servants came; and when they saw that, behold, the doors of the parlour were locked, they said, Surely he covereth his feet in his summer chamber. ⁴When Ehud had discreetly gone through the porch, and out of the palace, the servants of Eglon, who had been put out, came to the parlour door to reassume their former place, and finish their business with the king, or in order to wait upon him as usual, they saw that the door was locked from the inside and thought that the king had locked it. Having no suspicion, they thought the king was just relaxing or the phrase: "*Surely he covereth his feet in his summer chamber*" meaning "*to go to the bathroom.*"

3:25 And they tarried till they were ashamed: and, behold, he opened not the doors of the parlour; therefore they took a key, and opened them: and, behold, their lord was fallen down dead on the earth. Thinking he had gone to the toilet, the king's servants were slow to find him, until they were "*ashamed*", meaning, "*they waited until the point of confusion*". Then they discovered what had happened after finally opening the door with a key, the king was lying dead on the floor. By then, Ehud had gotten away with a clean escape.

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3:26 And Ehud escaped while they tarried, and passed beyond the quarries, and escaped unto Seirath. ⁵The hours that the king's door was locked, gave Ehud ample time to get away. He escaped to Seirath in the mountain of Ephraim.

3:27 And it came to pass, when he was come, that he blew a trumpet in the mountain of Ephraim, and the children of Israel went down with him from the mount, and he before them. Ehud blew the trumpet of war in the mountain of Ephraim because the Lord through him would deliver Israel. Again, the Lord had sent them a leader; a deliverer who would go with them into battle.

3:28 And he said unto them, Follow after me: for the Lord hath delivered your enemies the Moabites into your hand. And they went down after him, and took the fords of Jordan toward Moab, and suffered not a man to pass over. Ehud led, but he had to have followers. He said unto them, "*Follow after me: for the Lord hath delivered your enemies the Moabites into your hand. And they went down after him, and took the fords of Jordan toward Moab, and suffered not a man to pass over.*" The Israelites immediately took the "*fords of Jordan*", meaning they cut off the shallow water fords across the Jordan, which would be used as an escape route by the fleeing Moabites. Ehud stationed his men at the river crossing and didn't allow anyone to cross the river. Notice that not one of the Israelites lost their lives when God was the one to do battle.

III. ISRAEL'S VICTORY JUDGES 3:29-30

3:29 And they slew of Moab at that time about ten thousand men, all lusty, and all men of valour; and there escaped not a man. Trapping the Moabites on the west bank of Jordan, the Israelites killed ten thousand men; a serious loss for the Moabites, thus ending their oppression of Israel. It says they were all "*lusty*" meaning "*healthy and vigorous*"; "*all men of valour*" meaning "*skillful and valiant*" men. And they were the best and choicest of all the king of Moab's forces. And not one escaped!

3:30 So Moab was subdued that day under the hand of Israel. And the land had rest fourscore years.

⁴ <http://www.searchgodsword.org/com/geb/view.cgi?book=jud&chapter=003&verse=024>

⁵ <http://www.lovetheLord.com/books/judges/03.html>

<http://www.pitwm.net/pitwm-versebyverse.html>





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The Israelite country was cleared of their oppressors, and the land had rest for eighty years because Israel subdued Moab!

SUMMARY:

When king Eglon of Moab conquered part of Israel, he set up his throne in the city of Jericho. To counteract the eighteen year oppression brought on by Eglon, God raised up a deliverer by the name of Ehud, who would be the second judge. *"Deliverer"* can also mean Saviour. Ehud, a Benjamite, means *"son of the right hand"*, however, Ehud was a left-handed man. It seemed that the Benjamites had many warriors who were left-handed. Ehud was chosen to take Israel's tribute before king Eglon of Moab who was very fat. After the official presentation of the tribute, Ehud dismissed the entourage that bare the present so they would not be blamed for what he was about to do. Ehud turned again from the quarries near Gilgal giving indication that when he had passed them, being safe from the Moabites (guards), suggesting that he was outside the city at the quarries, and The king responded with the statement *"keep silence"* meaning *"hush."* It was if he had said a secret code and he didn't want anyone else to hear because at that moment all the king's attendants withdrew. He turns to the king to seek and request a private personal audience with the king himself, saying *"I have a secret errand... O king."* The king responded with the statement *"keep silence"* meaning *"hush."* It was if he had said a secret code and he didn't want anyone else to hear because at that moment all the king's attendants withdrew (3:15-19).

After delivering the tribute, Ehud said, I have a message from God unto thee and Ehud used a dagger hidden on his right thigh underneath his garment, which he thrust into king Eglon's stomach, killing him. Ehud escaped into the hill country of Ephraim and gathered an army to cut off any Moabites that would try to escape. The servants found the door locked from the inside, and thought the king was just relaxing, and thinking he had gone to the toilet. Then they discovered what had happened after finally opening the door with a key, the king was lying dead on the floor. By then, Ehud had gotten away with a clean escape. (3:20-25).

The Israelites killed ten thousand men; a serious loss for the Moabites, trapping them on the west bank of Jordan, thus ending the oppression of Israel, for none escaped! The Lord saved Israel through Ehud. The Israelite country was cleared of their oppressors, and the land had rest for eighty years because Israel subdued Moab! (3:29-30).

APPLICATION:

God knows what we need. The how sometimes come from Him in unexpected sources that always work for our good.