

THE GOOD STUFF Sunday School- March18, 2012 **Unifying Topic: THE WEDDING AT CANA**

besson Text นี้เกล Wedding In Cana (John 2:1-5)

II. Water Into Wine (John 2:6-8)

III.The Response (John 2:9-12)

The Main Thought: The beginning of miracles did Jesus in Cana of Galilee, and manifested forth his glory; and his disciples believed on him. (John 2:11, KJV).

Unifying Principle: When faced with possibly embarrassing or difficult situations, many people hope for a miracle to bring order out of chaos. Where and how can we find these miracles? Jesus' first miracle during the wedding at Cana revealed His power by creating something good, and the Disciples believed in Him.

Lesson Aim: To examine the great miracle in the story of the Cana wedding and its implication.

Life aim: To recognize God's continuing miraculous acts on our behalf.

- 2:1 And the third day there was a marriage in Cana of Galilee; and the mother of Jesus was there.
- 2:2 And both Jesus was called, and his disciples, to the marriage.
- 2:3 And when they wanted wine, the mother of Jesus saith unto him, They have no wine.
- 2:4 Jesus saith unto her, Woman, what have I to do with thee? mine hour is not yet come.
- 2:5 His mother saith unto the servants, Whatsoever he saith unto you, do it.
- 2:6 And there were set there six waterpots of stone, after the manner of the purifying of the Jews, containing two or three firkins apiece.
- 2:7 Jesus saith unto them, Fill the waterpots with water. And they filled them up to the brim.
- 2:8 And he saith unto them. Draw out now, and bear unto the governor of the feast. And they bare it.
- 2:9 When the ruler of the feast had tasted the water that was made wine, and knew not whence it was: (but the servants which drew the water knew;) the governor of the feast called the bridegroom,
- 2:10 And saith unto him, Every man at the beginning doth set forth good wine; and when men have well drunk, then that which is worse: but thou hast kept the good wine until now.
- 2:11 This beginning of miracles did Jesus in Cana of Galilee, and manifested forth his glory; and his disciples believed on him.
- 2:12 After this he went down to Capernaum, he, and his mother, and his brethren, and his disciples: and they continued there not many days.

HISTORY:

¹The Gospel of John opens with the familiar Prologue (1:1-18), which is followed in chapter one with four texts: (1) John's witness to the Christ (1:19-28); (2) the first "next day" text identifying titles of Jesus by John (1:29-34); (3) the second "next day" text with the invitation and promise of Jesus (1:35-42); (4) the third "next day" text with the invitations of Jesus to Philip and Nathanael and the promise of the Son of Man (1:43-51).

LESSON:

John 2:1-5 The Wedding In Cana

2:1 And the third day there was a marriage in Cana of Galilee; and the mother of Jesus was there. Now, we go to the third day after Jesus has gathered His disciples. They are all in for a delight. It will demonstrate one of His very purposes for coming to earth: to reveal the creative power of God. He had the power to create and produce what was needed to meet man's need. ²Jesus with His six new disciples traveled from Bethany near Jericho, to Nathaniel's hometown of Cana in Galilee, which is about a two days' journey on foot. Cana is a small remote, obscure country village in the highlands of Galilee. There is a most joyous celebration of a marriage taking place. So on the third day of Jesus' journey He finds Himself His disciples, and Mary, Jesus' mother invited to a joyous wedding. This was the place of the beginning of His first miracle!



 $^{^{1}}$ http://www.workingpreacher.org/preaching.aspx?lect_date=1/15/2012&tab=4 http://www.family-times.net/commentary/changing-water-into-wine/ http://www.pitwm.net/pitwm-sundayschool,html

- both Jesus was called, and his disciples, to the marriage. Jesus and His disciples are in attendance of this most joyous and festive occasion by invitation; one of the largest social events in a community. This tells us two numbers about Jesus.
 - JM Jesus was a sociable person: He likes people and people liked Him. His ministry was focused on being with and helping people all He could.
 - 2. Jesus honored marriage. He demonstrated His approval and honor by attending the marriage feast and by meeting the urgent need of the bridegroom.
 - 2:3 And when they wanted wine, the mother of Jesus saith unto him, They have no wine. A Jewish wedding ceremony included three major events:
 - 1. There was a marriage feast and ceremony which were held on the same evening.
 - 2. There was the escort of the couple through the streets to their home; usually taking place at night with flaming torches to light the way.
 - 3. There was the open house which lasted for a week. All week long the couple wore their wedding garments (gown and robe) and entertaining guests. The whole community was expected to participate and celebrate with the couple in their new found happiness.

Now an issue has arisen! There are three concerns:

- 1. **The couple's concern**: The wine has run out and the celebration had just begun. There was a whole week of celebration yet to go.
- 2. Mary's concern: Mary wanted things to go well for the couple and brings this concern to Jesus. "There is no wine!"
- 3. Jesus' concern: He still had to teach and prepare His mother and disciples for His greater purpose.
- **2:4** Jesus saith unto her, Woman, what have I to do with thee? mine hour is not yet come. At this point, Jesus replies in a stern manner but not with disrespect. Mary focused on the social need (physical and material); while Jesus focused on the deeper need (soul and spirit; bearing the sins of the world for man). He calls her "woman", not mother. To have addressed her as "mother" would have called attention to human relationships; but calling her "woman" showed that <u>God</u> (deity) was speaking to her. We can also see that the mother and son relationship was changing. He had to hear from His Father. We may add that it is significant that the two times Christ addressed His mother as "woman" are both recorded in the Gospel of John which sets forth His Deity.

To say "My" hour has not come was saying, ⁴" / am not quite ready to launch into the miracles at this time". Nevertheless, Jesus listens to Mary and has feelings for the host. The stage is set!

- 1. The hour has not yet come when He could really meet man's needs marked by the Father.
- 2. The hour has not yet come when He must die for man's regeneration marked by the Father.
- 2:5 His mother saith unto the servants, Whatsoever he saith unto you, do it. No matter what Jesus said to her, her speech said it all. Her confidence was in her Son and she didn't back down. She was willing to let Him do whatever He pleased. Of course, Jesus could attempt to get a merchant to reopen his shop and meet the need, or He could try to secure wine from some neighbors. However, the servants were to do whatever Jesus said.

John 2:6-8 Water Into Wine

2:6 And there were set there six waterpots of stone, after the manner of the purifying of the Jews, containing two or three firkins apiece. Six is the number of man, for it was on the sixth day man was made and there were six waterpots standing there, not seven, the perfect number, but six. The six waterpots were used for the purifying and cleansing of the Jews, that is, the *ceremonial and religious cleansing* of the hands and utensils which represent Judaism ritual. Their smaller waterpots were used by women to transport water from wells. Each of these six stone waterpots could contain about eighteen to twenty-seven gallons each. The word "firkin" relates to brewing measure; a unit of liquid measure is equivalent to eight or nine gallows. These waterpots were empty just as their rituals. Jesus uses their



³ http://www.pbministries.org/books/pink/John/john_06.htm

⁴ http://www.lovethelord.com/books/john/05.html http://www.pitwm.net/pitwm-sundayschool,html

rifigal Whainers and causes a miracle.

Jesus saith unto them, Fill the waterpots with water. And they filled them up to the brim. First instruction: fill the prove to the brim. Just as they had heard Mary say, 'whatever he says do it', they did it by filling them to the brim; not with with water. They didn't ask any questions about 'where is the wine?' or how much should we fill the pots?

5 Jesus didn't need the servants' help to perform this miracle. He could have miraculously filled the jars with wine without their first filling them with water. But He chose to include people in His work, just as He chooses to include us now. He uses us in small and large roles to accomplish His purposes and demonstrate His power to the world.

2:8 And he saith unto them. Draw out now, and bear unto the governor of the feast. And they bare it. Second Instruction: "draw out", which refers to dipping out the water. Third instruction: bear unto the governor of the feast (the head person in charge; the master of the waiters or servants; the master of the banquet). That was all that was said and done. There was no delay of Jesus inspecting the water or passing His hand over the water. Faith always continues to present miracles in our lives. I believe Mary's faith started it off. The servant's obedience continued it as they were on one accord in doing what Jesus commanded. Now, the proof was now for the master of the banquet to taste.

John 2:9-12 The Response

2:9 When the ruler of the feast had tasted the water that was made wine, and knew not whence it was: (but the servants which drew the water knew;) the governor of the feast called the bridegroom, — This miracle was really viewed by the servants that drew the water into the waterpots, and of course His disciples. The governor of the feast only was witness to the taste of this magnificent wine in which he assumed the bridegroom had supplied. By the time he tasted it, it was no longer water but wine. Jesus did not wave His hand over it, or even touch the waterpots. The only ones to touch the pots were the servants. This was truly a miracle, but Jesus did not call attention to Himself.

2:10 And saith unto him, Every man at the beginning doth set forth good wine; and when men have well drunk, then that which is worse: but thou hast kept the good wine until now. The wine was of a more superior quality when it was tasted. The governor of the feast compliments the bridegroom. Contrary to normal custom, the good wine was served at the beginning of the feast and the cheaper wine after the guest has had their fill. ⁶After they had well drunk, their senses would have been dulled and they would have not known one wine from the other. This new wine was not of this world. This is like the best was kept until last. *This is what God did.* He first sent His prophets and judges to bring the people to the knowledge of God, but the best was saved until the last, when God sent His only begotten Son. I believe this whole incident was kept quiet because Jesus was not ready to be exposed as Messiah at that moment. The servants knew, the disciples knew, Mary knew, and Jesus knew, but I find nowhere in this discourse where the crowd at the party or anyone in authority knew.

2:11 This beginning of miracles did Jesus in Cana of Galilee, and manifested forth his glory; and his disciples believed on him. — "Beginning" means first. The word used here for "miracles" (Gr sēmeion) means "signs." The results were really threefold:

- 1. The bridegroom's need and Mary's need for them was met.
- 2. The faith of the disciples was strengthened because of what they witnessed; giving evidence that Jesus was truly the Messiah.
- 3. Christ's glory was revealed; His power to create was demonstrated.

Interestingly Moses' first, miracle was a plague—turning water into blood (Exo.7:19), which speaks of judgment. Our Lord's first miracle spoke of grace. The manifestation of His glory showed that He could change things and do so miraculously for our need.

2:12 After this he went down to Capernaum, he, and his mother, and his brethren, and his disciples: and they



⁵ John-God's Word for the Biblically-inept series

⁶ http://www.lovethelord.com/books/john/05.html http://www.pitwm.net/pitwm-sundayschool,html

continued there not many days. Capernaum could be reached in a days' journey from Cana. This was the home of lames and John. Jesus, His mother, his brethren, and His disciples continued there until the appropriate time.

1. A common Activity—A Wedding.

TWM An Uncommon Event—Changing Water to Wine.

3. A Special Manifestation—His Glory was Revealed to Common People.

SUMMARY:

Jesus and His disciples are invited to a wedding in Cana. The names of the bride and groom are not given but in all probability, Mary (Jesus' Mother) was a good friend (**vv.1-2**). At the wedding a crisis situation occurs. Since Jewish weddings lasted a week it was necessary for the groom to have adequate provisions. All the wine was used up so Mary turned to Jesus in hopes that He could solve the problem (**vv.3-5**).

Jesus asks the servants to fill the six water pots which were used for Jewish purification rites (w. 6-7), before and after meals (Matthew 15:1-2). When they were full, He told them to take some to the master of the banquet (v.8).

When he tasted it, he said it was the best wine they had yet (w.9-10). Jesus' beginning (first) miracle, the manifestation of His glory, and His disciples believing on Him all happened at a wedding in Cana of Galilee (v.11). After the wedding at Cana, Jesus, His mother, His disciples and other members of His family go down to Capernaum for a few days (v.12).

APPLICATION:

Jesus uses people in the lives of others. You never know what miracle you could be apart of. Hesitation will leave you out of the good stuff. Keep your ears and heart open to God's whispers. How appropriate is it for Jesus to do His first miracle at a wedding? It can't be about the wine but His presence among the couple's life together and He'll be there forever if we allow Him to be in control to make the good stuff happen in our lives.

